Patient-Centered Medical Home Qualification Standards

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NATIONAL ACADEMY for STATE HEALTH POLICY



Why qualification standards?

- What is a medical home?
- Raising the bar for primary care practices

27 States Tie Payments to Qualification Standards

Qualification Standards

States aligning medical home payment with national or state-developed qualification standards



State aligns medical home payments with national or state-developed qualification standards



for STATE HEALTH POLICY°

Types of PCMH Qualification Standards

- National Standards
- State-Developed Standards
- Hybrid
- Practice tools

National Standards

- NCQA PCMH Recognition
- Joint Commission PCMH Certification
- URAC PCMH Achievement
- * AAAHC Certification and Accreditation



National Standards Crosswalk

	NCQA	Joint Commission	URAC	AAAHC
Overview	27 elements across 6 categories (6 must-pass elements)	43 elements across 12 categories (all standards required)	28 elements across 7 categories (7 must-pass elements)	8 core standards and 19 additional standards based on services provided by practice
Tiers	3 (based on score)	Pass/Fail	2 (based on electronic health record)	Certification (lower)/Accreditation (higher)
Electronic Health/ Medical Record Requirement	Not for recognition, but some standards would require use	Use of information technology required, but not necessarily EMR	Only for "Achievement with EHR Designation"	No, although electronic data management is encouraged.
Length	3 years	Up to 3 years	2 years	Up to 3 years

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NCQA PCMH 2011 Content and Scoring

PCMH1: Enhance Access and Continuity		
A. B. C. D. E. F.	Access During Office Hours** After-Hours Access Electronic Access Continuity Medical Home Responsibilities Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services	4 4 2 2 2 2
G.	Practice Team	4
		20
A. B. C. D.	H2: Identify and Manage Patient Populations Patient Information Clinical Data Comprehensive Health Assessment Use Data for Population Management**	9 Pts 3 4 4 5 5 16
PCMH3: Plan and Manage Care		
A. B. C. D. E.	Implement Evidence-Based Guidelines Identify High-Risk Patients Care Management** Manage Medications Use Electronic Prescribing	4 3 4 3 3

PCN	MH4: Provide Self-Care Support and Community Resources	Pts
A. B.	Support Self-Care Process** Provide Referrals to Community Resources	6 3
		9
PCN	/IH5: Track and Coordinate Care	Pts
A. B. C.	Test Tracking and Follow-Up Referral Tracking and Follow-Up** Coordinate with Facilities/Care Transitions	6 6 6
		18
PCMH6: Measure and Improve Performance		
A. B. C .	Measure Performance Measure Patient/Family Experience Implement Continuously Quality Improvement**	4 4 4
D.	Demonstrate Continuous Quality	3
E. F.	Improvement Report Performance Report Data Externally	3 2
		20

**Must Pass Elements

NCQA PCMH 2011 Scoring

6 standards = 100 points 6 Must Pass elements

NOTE: Must Pass elements require a ≥ 50% performance level to pass

Level of Qualifying	Points	Must Pass Elements at 50% Performance Level
Level 3	85 - 100	6 of 6
Level 2	60 - 84	6 of 6
Level 1	35 - 59	6 of 6
Not Recognized	0 - 34	< 6

Practices with a numeric score of 0 to 34 points and/or achieve less than 6 "Must Pass" Elements are not Recognized.

NCQA PCMH Recognition

- Next update scheduled March 2014
 - Further integrate behavioral health
 - Focus on resource stewardship
 - Encourage sustained commitment to continuous quality improvement and PCMH transformation
 - Expanded emphasis on care coordination and transitions
 - Encourage shared-decision making and incorporate the patient, family, and caregivers into care planning
 - Maintain alignment with Meaningful Use and encourage information exchange



State-Developed Standards

- Some states have built their own requirements.
 - Oregon (Patient-Centered Primary Care Homes)
 - 6 Core Attributes
 - Access, Accountability, Comprehensiveness, Continuity, Coordination/Integration, and Patient/Family Centeredness
 - □ 3 Tiers
 - Basic: Foundational Structures and Processes
 - Intermediate: Demonstrated Performance Improvement and Additional Structures and Processes in Place
 - Advanced: Population Management and Accountable for Quality, Utilization and Cost
 - Accepts NCQA although these practices need to submit additional information specific to the state program.



New York's Health Home Standards

- Partnership model with a lead health home agency partnering with additional providers in the community ("downstream providers").
- Standards:
 - Comprehensive Care Management: Creation, documentation, and execution of an individualized, patient-centered care plan.
 - Care Coordination and Health Promotion: Assigned care manager for each patient.
 - Comprehensive Transitional Care: Prompt notification of admissions, discharges, and transfers.
 - Patient and Family Support: Care plan must be accessible to patients and families; must also reflect patient preferences and show cultural competency
 - Referral to Community and Social Support Services: Identification of and collaboration with community-based resources and social support services.

Hybrid Standards

"NCQA-Plus"

Maine

- Requires NCQA + 10 additional standards
 - Select examples:
 - Behavioral health integration
 - Population risk-stratification and management
 - Team-based care
 - Inclusion of patients & families in redesign
 - Focus on cost containment and waste reduction in QI activities
 - Integration of health IT
 - Connection to community resources

Missouri

- As part of primary care health home program, required qualifying practices to achieve higher scores for certain standards.
- Example: NCQA requires a score of 50% to meet a "mustpass" element. Missouri required the practice to score 75% – requiring the practice to meet additional factors within the standard.

Massachusetts' Primary Care Payment Reform Initiative (PCPRI)

- Requires NCQA Level 1 within 24 months, plus additional core competencies, HIT, and care management standards.
 - Patient-centeredness, multi-disciplinary care teams, population management, care management for high-risk patients, and patient-self management support
- Comprehensive Primary Care Payment (CPCP) Tiers based on the level of behavioral health services in practices.
 - CPCP Tier 1: Practice provides no behavioral health services
 - CPCP Tier 2: Practice provides minimum set of behavioral health services
 - Includes full-time on-site behavioral health provider onsite
 - CPCP Tier 3: Practice provides maximum set of behavioral health services
 - □ Includes 0.2 FTE psychiatrist on-site, 24/7 access to behavioral health services, and basic behavioral health services included in EHR



Key Takeaways

- Qualification standards provide assurance to payers
- Qualification standards can be meaningful or they could merely be a paperwork exercise
- Becoming qualified as a medical home is hard work
- Plenty of opportunities to customize standards to meet your delivery system goals

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MEDICAL HOMES PUBLICATIONS

Five Key Strategies to Engage Health Care Pavers and Purchasers in a Multi-Paver Medical Home Initiative September 2013

Issue Brief: State Strategies to Avoid Antitrust Concerns in Multipayer Medical Home Initiatives July 2013

Care Management for Medicaid **Enrollees Through Community** Health Teams June 2013

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Please visit:

- www.nashp.org
- http://www.nashp.org/ med-home-map
- http://www.nashp.org/ state-accountablecare-activity-map
- www.statereforum.org
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→ Specific Populations

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A medical home is an enhanced model of primary care that provides whole person, accessible, comprehensive, ongoing and coordinated patient-centered care. First advanced by the American Academy of Pediatrics in the 1960's, the concept gained momentum in 2007 when four major physician groups agreed to a common view of the patient-centered medical home (PCMH) model defined by seven "Joint Principles." (For more information on the "Joint Principles" please go to www.pcpcc.net.) Since 2007, NASHP has been tracking and supporting state efforts to advance medical homes for Medicaid and CHIP participants. NASHP's medical home map allows you to click on a state to learn about its efforts. Our work is supported by The Commonwealth Fund.

Best viewed in Internet Explorer, Safari, or Chrome

Click Here for

Interactive Map

As of April 2013, 43 states have adopted policies and programs to advance medical homes. Medical home activity must meet the following criteria for inclusion on this map:

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